Outdated zoning: city planning rejects proposal to rezone Morningside Heights

Zoning plans haven’t been updated for Morningside Heights in over 50 years.

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When Union Theological Seminary needed funds for a massive campus renovation, it turned 350,000 square feet of land that it decided it could afford to sell.
The cost of land is particularly high in Morningside Heights, where rent prices increased by nearly 80 percent from 2010 to 2015. Additionally, zoning regulations in Morningside Heights—unlike in surrounding neighborhoods—have no restrictions for building heights, meaning that vacant land in Morningside Heights has a high potential for profit. Businesses and companies willing to pay millions, as a result, can build towers that reach unrestricted heights.

In 2015, UTS sold its plot to a developer for $125 million to build a 42-story tower.

Residents have attributed limited vacant space, relaxed zoning policies, and demand in the community as the reasons behind upward rent pressure and lack of affordable housing.

The Morningside Heights Community Coalition, an organization in which local stakeholders work to improve Upper West Manhattan, proposed a Rezoning Plan in 2018—which recently garnered support from local City Council members—that would limit the development of upscale apartments, promote affordable housing, and preserve the neighborhood’s character. To the dismay of many, New York City’s city planning commission recently rejected the coalition’s proposal. This was the second time the community attempted to change the zoning plans, which have remained unchanged since 1961.

According to the West Harlem Development Corporation, an organization tasked with overseeing money Columbia has committed to benefiting the local community, only 4 percent of Community Board 9, the district encompassing Morningside Heights, is currently vacant, which makes it difficult for the community to create affordable housing. The University’s agreement stems from its own 17-acre expansion into Manhattanville, which has been

For residents, the proposed changes to the zoning plan would mean more affordable housing options and protection from uncontrolled high-rise and luxury apartment developments. At an MHCC-hosted town hall on Friday where over 100 local stakeholders convened to have open dialogue, several community members expressed that under the current iteration, residents have borne the burden of gentrification and increasing tax rates.

The proposed zoning plan—faced with pushback from city planning—includes limiting the height of new buildings and increasing density along some avenues to invoke Mandatory Inclusionary Housing, which requires developers to provide some affordable housing units part of new construction.

According to the MHCC Platform for Residential Development, building heights should be consistent with neighboring buildings. For example, the Jewish Theological Seminary and Union Theological Seminary should not exceed 18 to 21 stories, respectively.

Currently, there are 23 sites in Morningside Heights that are vulnerable for development, of which are owned by local institutions, according to the MHCC.

Mark Levine, a New York City Council member representing Morningside Heights, said at town hall that developers have been taking advantage of the relaxed zoning policies in Morningside Heights.

“I want to briefly remind you of what the stakes are,” Levine said. “This is an island of vulnerability here in Morningside Heights.”

MHCC members have been aware of their susceptible position and pushed their rezoning proposal, gathering over 1,000 signatures in support of the plan.

Despite their efforts, city planning denied their proposal because it did not find a sufficient need for rezoning, said MHCC member Robert Stern in an interview.
Stern said city planning’s decision was misguided because it is not looking into the impact of the numerous institutions on the community.

“The institutions in Morningside Heights are selling off their land and air rights to developers because they can profit off of it,” he said.

Representatives from city planning were not available to comment.

Corey Johnson, City Council Speaker, said at the meeting that Mayor Bill de Blasio resented city planning commission’s decision to reject the rezoning proposal and that City Council work with the community to hire a private consultant to get its plan pushed forward.

“This is a historic moment that you have just witnessed,” MHCC President Laura Friedman said at the meeting. “This is the first time someone understands us—someone has heard our voices.”

While City Council members have voiced support for rezoning, formal plans remain unclear. The next phase of passing a rezoning plan, especially due to already developing high-rise luxury apartments and institutions.

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